United States District Court

for the

Eastern District of California

| United States of America |) | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| v. |) | | | |
| DAMD IODI ALCOCK |) Case No. 2:21-cr-00162-TLN | | | |
| DAVID JOHN ALCOCK Defendant |) | | | |
| Dejenuani | | | | |
| ORDER OF DETENTION PENDING TRIAL | | | | |
| Part I - Eligibility for Detention | | | | |
| Upon the | | | | |
| x Motion of the Government attorney pursua | ant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1), or | | | |
| | motion pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(2), | | | |
| the Court held a detention hearing and found that detention and conclusions of law, as required by 18 U.S.C. § 3142(i) | n is warranted. This order sets forth the Court's findings of fact, in addition to any other findings made at the hearing. | | | |
| Part II - Findings of Fact and La | w as to Presumptions under § 3142(e) | | | |
| | C. § 3142(e)(2) (previous violator): There is a rebuttable ditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person shave been met: | | | |
| | following crimes described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1): | | | |
| | 3 U.S.C. § 1591, or an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. | | | |
| § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum | term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; or | | | |
| | sentence is life imprisonment or death; or | | | |
| Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. § | m of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the § 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); or | | | |
| (a) through (c) of this paragraph, or two | onvicted of two or more offenses described in subparagraphs or more State or local offenses that would have been offenses (c) of this paragraph if a circumstance giving rise to Federal on of such offenses; or | | | |
| (e) any felony that is not otherwise a cri | me of violence but involves: | | | |
| | a firearm or destructive device (as defined in 18 U.S.C. § 921);) a failure to register under 18 U.S.C. § 2250; <i>and</i> | | | |
| (2) the defendant has previously been convict | ted of a Federal offense that is described in 18 U.S.C. | | | |
| | t would have been such an offense if a circumstance giving rise | | | |
| to Federal jurisdiction had existed; and | ave for which the defendant has been convicted was | | | |
| | ove for which the defendant has been convicted was e pending trial for a Federal, State, or local offense; <i>and</i> | | | |
| committee while the defendant was off feleas | e penang that for a reactar, bate, or local officiae, and | | | |

(4) a period of not more than five years has elapsed since the date of conviction, or the release of the defendant from imprisonment, for the offense described in paragraph (2) above, whichever is later.

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| x B. Rebuttable Presumption Arises Under 18 U.S.C. § 3142(e)(3) (narcotics, firearm, other offenses): There is a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required and the safety of the community because there is probable cause to believe that the defendant |
|--|
| committed one or more of the following offenses: |
| (1) an offense for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed in the Controlled Substances Act (21 U.S.C. §§ 801-904), the Controlled Substances Import and Export Act (21 |
| U.S.C. §§ 951-971), or Chapter 705 of Title 46, U.S.C. (46 U.S.C. §§ 70501-70508); |
| (2) an offense under 18 U.S.C. §§ 924(c), 956(a), or 2332b; |
| (3) an offense listed in 18 U.S.C. § 2332b(g)(5)(B) for which a maximum term of imprisonment of 10 years or more is prescribed; |
| (4) an offense under Chapter 77 of Title 18, U.S.C. (18 U.S.C. §§ 1581-1597) for which a maximum term o |
| imprisonment of 20 years or more is prescribed; or |
| x (5) an offense involving a minor victim under 18 U.S.C. §§ 1201, 1591, 2241, 2242, 2244(a)(1), 2245, 2251, 2251A, 2252(a)(1), 2252(a)(2), 2252(a)(3), 2252A(a)(1), 2252A(a)(2), 2252A(a)(3), 2252A(a)(4), 2260, 2421, 2422, 2423, or 2425. |
| x C. Conclusions Regarding Applicability of Any Presumption Established Above |
| x The defendant has not introduced sufficient evidence to rebut the presumption above, and detention is |
| ordered on that basis. (Part III need not be completed.) |
| OR |
| The defendant has presented evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption, but after considering the |
| presumption and the other factors discussed below, detention is warranted. |
| Part III - Analysis and Statement of the Reasons for Detention |
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| After considering the factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and the information presented at the detention hearing the Court concludes that the defendant must be detained pending trial because the Government has proven: |
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| Significant family or other ties outside the United States |
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| Lack of legal status in the United States |
| Subject to removal or deportation after serving any period of incarceration |
| Prior failure to appear in court as ordered |
| Prior attempt(s) to evade law enforcement |
| Use of alias(es) or false documents |
| Background information unknown or unverified |
| Prior violations of probation, parole, or supervised release |

OTHER REASONS OR FURTHER EXPLANATION:

Click here to enter text.

Part IV - Directions Regarding Detention

The defendant is remanded to the custody of the Attorney General or to the Attorney General's designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate, to the extent practicable, from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant must be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility must deliver the defendant to a United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

| Date: | October 29, 2021 | alles Clane | |
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| | _ | Allison Claire, United States Magistrate Judge | |